

The Sydney Morning Herald.

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(See Notices of Births, Marriages, Deaths, &c., see page 6.)

SUMMARY.

A Russian's correspondent reports that on Thursday 16,000 Japanese crossed the Yalu and attacked 10,000 Russians, who were strongly entrenched.

Japanese sharpshooters killed many Russian officers, who were conspicuous by their uniforms. The Russians were reinforced, and the battle continued.

The Washington State Department has been informed that the fighting on Tuesday last resulted in a complete Japanese victory.

The weather has facilitated the movement of the army, which crossed the Yalu, and captured Chien-cheng, five miles north of Tsin-ting, on the Manchurian side of the river.

Russian official reports are to the effect that Russian steamers are arriving at the mouth of the Yalu.

Small bodies of troops, the reports state, have been crossing daily since April 23 at various points, mostly by pontoon roads, south of Tsin-ting.

The islands in the river were occupied by the Japanese, who drove the Russian light cavalry to the north bank.

The Russians lost a Lieutenant, and had 12 men killed and wounded.

It is clear that the Russians that from this point onwards must have inflicted considerable losses on the Japanese, who were in silos formation.

Russian accounts also state that on April 26 the Japanese, with a battery of artillery, captured Chien-cheng, and the Russian artillery caused their retirement in disorder.

The Japanese continue to cross the river on April 27.

Italian information, which has often proved correct, asserts that 30,000 Japanese have crossed the Tsin-ting.

Russia's correspondent at Shanghai states that the Russians after two days' fighting on the Yalu have been disastrously defeated, and the Japanese are now in full possession of the area.

The Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs declares that after the treacherous surprise of the Japanese no further mediation could have any hope of success.

Russia says, will not admit any intervention.

Reports from Tokio state that the Russian naval officer who torpedoed the British steamer *Mars*, May 2, was being held in custody.

The Japanese lost 100 men.

It is stated, it was being examined by torpedo boat destroyers, and had passed from them in a fog.

A St. Petersburg telegraph states that the crew of the steamer fought till the vessel was sunk.

Japanes confirm the report, that the soldiers preferred death to surrender, and they saluted on the Russians until engulfed.

One Japanese officer committed suicide, and was sold to the Russians, and the other soldier committed suicide with their ship.

Three boats, freeing themselves from the wreckage, saved 40 soldiers and the crew.

The Russians who surrendered, and the crew of the *Mars* and the gun-boat *Cossack* of the Cossacks of Chiemphong have been financially released at St. Petersburg.

The Cossacks all of them, and entered into the Winter Palace at luncheon.

They had been detained at Marseilles, having on board a case believed to be plague.

Senator A. P. Gorman, the Democratic leader, speaking in the United States Senate, congratulated the military and naval expedition, including parades, amounted to \$77,000 annually.

He attributed the expenditure to the efforts of America to become a great world power.

He said it would result in increased taxation.

There is much discontent in Germany at the complaisance of the Emperor and the Imperial Chancellor towards the Vatican.

It is believed that this complaisance is shaking Italian sympathies with Germany.

Mr. G. Sydenham Clarke, formerly Governor of Victoria, suggests the establishment of an Imperial Maritime Council.

He proposes that the council should spend \$4,500,000 annually, distributing the money among the maritime and naval services, including parades, amounting to \$77,000 annually.

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A man who is on a visit to the German South Africa states that the rising of the Herero is general, and that Europeans have been murdered wholesale.

Mr. Austin Chapman, M.P., states that Mr. Sydenham Clarke, the Federal capital site has strongly impressed many members.

Robert H. Englehardt, aged 14 years, escaped from a home in the State Children's Department, Atlanta, Georgia, after being sentenced to detention in a reformatory.

Mr. Watson, the Federal Prime Minister, arrived in Sydney on Saturday. He was entertained at the Winter Palace at luncheon.

He was welcomed at Marseilles, having on board a case believed to be plague.

The Prime Minister said the Government represented in the House of Representatives those who were successful in the recent division on a most important matter of principle.

Seeing that such was the case he considered that the Ministry had a right to expect the support of members who had voted with them.

Mr. Watson considers that had the House accepted the amendment in the Arbitration Bill to include railway servants the majority of his supporters would have been cast adrift.

There is no reason why he anticipates that the caucus will attempt to dominate the Cabinet.

On Friday 27 points of rain have fallen at Bourke. The total received fall expected there for a number of years.

The fall has been fairly general throughout the district. Eungonia reports nearly six inches, and Warrington nine tenths, and Grass Hut 60 points.

The body of Samuel J. Carey, one of the victims of the Bondi boating fatality, was recovered on Saturday. The boat from which he met his death was recovered also found.

Michael J. J. Hennessy, a carter, who had been suffering from rheumatism, died at the Coast Hospital on Saturday.

Senator Dawson, Minister for Defence, is of opinion that it would be wise to give more attention to the maritime branch of our defence.

A letter received from Sir John See on Saturday, stated that he was still staying at Bondi, though his health was greatly improved in health.

Two men while building a wheat shed at Forest Roads on Saturday were killed by the fall of a brick wall.

The ceremony of blessing and laying the foundation-stone of St. Patrick's new presbytery at North Sydney was performed by Cardinal Moran yesterday.

Revenue returns for the State for the month of April show a falling off to the extent of \$45,000.

The ten months of the year, however, show an increase of \$126,000, compared with the corresponding period of the previous year.

It was stated in the ecclesiastical section of the *Argus* that 1650 adult males registered with the Anglican Church in the diocese only about 8 per cent attended church.

One speaker urged that if some harmless processions were allowed on Sunday afternoons he thought more men would attend church.

The fifty-third year of the existence of the Sydney University was commemorated at the University on Saturday morning.

Sir Norman Hart Dyke referred to the fact that the three best Judges of the Commonwealth were graduates of the University.

Mr. Jenkins, the Premier of South Australia, and the Governor Resident at Port Darwin on Saturday, returning from the returning Chinese who hold permits from the Government.

The Premier states that he took this action in order to make a test case for the High Court as to whether the Steamer conditions should be recognized by the Commonwealth.

FARMER AND COMPANY.LIMITED,
VICTORIA HOUSE,
SYDNEY.**MEN'S LINEROOF OVERCOATS.**
MEN'S STORMPROOF OVERCOATS.
MEN'S WINTER OVERCOATS.
MEN'S TRAVELLING OVERCOATS.**MEN'S LEGGINGS, &c.**

FOR THESE GOODS every desideration on the part of the purchaser is fully met. Our position is unique, and we can offer to all that a vast experience can bring to bear on our trade, is exemplified in the class of goods submitted in this department.

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AMUSEMENTS.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

THE SECOND MATINEE

OF
THE LIGHT THAT FAILED

will be given at 3 o'clock

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON NEXT.

Box Plan at Paling's, Children Half-price.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Mr. G. L. Gossman, Mgr., Mr. J. H. Monte-

EVENINGS, 8 A.M. WED. AFTERNOON, at 2.

ABSOLUTELY NO FREE LIST.

There are only three things that matter in all this

big world—Money, and Birth, and Death—and Love, that makes the others bearable."

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Dramatised by "George Fleming" and acted by

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IN MONEY ON ALL CLASSES OF SECURITY from the AUSTRALIAN EQUITABLE INVESTMENTS COMPANY, Limited,
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You can obtain a private loan on fixtures, goods, stock, &c., up to £10,000, at 2½ per cent. for 12 months. So do not pay the TERM for which an interest is made, but apply to me and I will give you a loan on fixtures, goods, stock, &c., up to £10,000, at NO FINES, etc., CHARGED.

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GEORGE WILLIS, 128 Pitt-street, Sydney, Mr. King's, city.

THE STATE LOAN COMPANY.

308 Pitt-street, Sydney, Mr. Joseph, Manager.

Telephone 1364. DAVID KHON, Secretary.

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We acknowledge as true in every item in Sydney Press, at a week's notice, to Purchase or Advance money up to £10,000, on fixtures, goods, stock, &c., and AMOUNTS, up to £10,000, for 12 months on MARRIAGE SETTLEMENTS OR MONEY DUE IN ANY MANNER ON FIXTURES, GOODS, STOCK, &c., or any SECURITY, and a relatively small amount in ENGLISH WILLS.

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WE HAVE A SPECIAL AMOUNT OF £10,000 Trust Fund in hand which we must get out on interest at 4½ per cent.

Collection of Rents or money due in other countries undertaken at a very low rate.

You will see that we are strictly confidential.

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He will now have a high margin of profit.

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Some securities as above.

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We will pay you £100 for each £1000.

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ADVANCE ON REASONABLE SECURITY AT 4½ PER CENT.

Low Rates of Interest.

ARTHUR ELWIN, Manager,

111 ELIZABETH-STREET.

NOTICE, THAT, INSTEAD OF THE PREVIOUS

ALBERT BORGARD, F.A.S.I.

Incumbent of the position.

Equitable Buildings, George-street.

Sydney, 20th April, 1904.

THE ABROGED ESTATE OF HARRY JOHN PRATT, Stockkeeper, KEMPSTON, N.S.W.

TENDER is invited for the undermentioned AMOUNTS in the above Estate, and will be received at my office until Noon on Friday, May 7, 1904.

LOT 1—STOCK-IN-TRADE AND PLANT.

Clothing, Mercury, and Hates 4133 9 1

Machine Tools, etc 601 10 7

Muslin and Dresses 867 1 10

Mercury and Shirts 658 10 1

Carrots and Underclothing 273 5 2

Hats and Caps 185 1 1

Woolen Goods 111 1 1

Children's Goods 145 1 2

Fishes, Feathers and Ovations 145 1 2

Trimmed and Untrimmed Millinery 72 0 4

Child's Skirt, and Umbrella 49 1 1

Trunks, Bags and Umbrellas 18 11

Plant and Fittings 44,540 0 0

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LILY CREAM CRACKERS.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS, AND SEE THAT YOU GET
WHAT YOU ASK FOR.
The Genuine Article is Known by the LILY LABEL.

**OUR PLEASURE TO-DAY—
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Our pleasure to-day is to sell you a high-class standard of Reliable Furniture at lowest prices consistent with quality. We have pleased others and can please you.

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By taking proper care of them, don't lose them by Reading or Sewing without GLASSES when you feel that you SHOULD BE WEARING THEM. An examination will cost you nothing, and if you come to us we will prove to you that we can fit you with suitable glasses.

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WILL LAST AS LONG AS YOUR HOUSE. EVERY ONE GUARANTEED. STOVES FROM £2 15s EACH.

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HOTEL, Northern Sydney, 10 rooms, rent £200 per week, part George-st., 50 rooms, 11 yrs., rent £400. HOTEL, South Coast, present hands 10 yrs., rent £400. HOTEL, Northern, 10 rooms, 10 yrs., rent £400. HOTEL, Northern, grand corner, 10 rooms, 10 yrs., rent £400. HOTEL, Northern, 10 rooms, 10 yrs., rent £400. HOTEL, Waterloo, 10 rooms, 10 yrs., rent £400. HOTEL, Waterloo, 10 rooms, 10 yrs., rent £400.

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(For Shipping, Meteorological, and
Mail Notices See Page 8)

MARRIAGES.

BRIGHTON—MACANAHY.—April 27, 1904, at Brighton, Glenside, by the Rev. H. Nelson Howard, Charles Edward, fourth son of the late Hon. Sir Herbert Macanahy, M.L.C., of Canning Downs, Warwick, Queensland.

DEATHS.

CHANCE.—May 1, 1904, at her residence, the dearly beloved wife of James Crane, of Castle Hill, aged 74 years.
FIFTH.—April 29, 1904, at her residence, George-street, Mortdale, the beloved wife of James F. Fifth, M.L.A., aged 43 years.
GRANVILLE.—May 1, 1904, at 17 Liverpool-street, city, Alice Mackay, formerly M.L.A. for Bendigo, Victoria, and mother of the late Elizabeth Mackay, Member's Pastoral Committee.
MACKAY.—April 25, at East St. Kilda, Victoria, the beloved wife of William Mackay, aged 43 years.
MACKAY.—Formerly M.L.A. for Bendigo, Victoria, and mother of the late Elizabeth Mackay, Member's Pastoral Committee.
MARTIN.—April 29, 1904, at his residence, Florence-street, Arncliffe, New South Wales, aged 34 years.
PALMER.—April 29, 1904, at his residence, 24 Bennett-street, Paddington, Arthur Palmer, aged 40 years, of 100 Pitt-street, Paddington, late of 10 Pitt-street, New Town clock, Wellington, N.Z., aged 61 years.
REED.—April 29, 1904, at 108 Mortuary, Mortuary Lane, Paddington, at 8.15 a.m., Harry Charles, only and dearest beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rogers and Mrs. Charles, of Paddington, Alburywood, Annandale, aged 24 years. R.E.P.
WILLIAMS.—April 25, 1904, at his residence, Gloucester-street, Paddington, David Williams, aged 70 years.
WILLIAMS.—April 25, 1904, at his residence, Gloucester-street, Paddington, Arthur Charles, aged 24 years.

M. A. MURRAY WILL has resumed Practice.

SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESA.
The Best Remedy for the Removal of the Stone.
DINNEFORD'S MAGNEA.
For Rheumatic and Indigestive Complaints, and Diseases of the Bowels and Bladder.
DINNEFORD'S MAGNAE.
Salve and Most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Females, and the Sick.
Sold Throughout the World.

BOW'S EMERGENCE.—The Best Remedy for Coughs, Rheumatism, and Rheumatism. An Illustrated article in this week's Mail—Advertiser.

NATIONAL BANK.—*U.P.* **THE GOVAL.**

DR. CHAM.—Dentist to Newcastle, Sydney, and Parramatta. Patents as usual to Dr. Charn, 180 Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park, Sydney.

M. J. RICHARD JONES,—Incorporated Surgeon, 200 Martin-street, Paddington, New South Wales. Practitioner Monday, 8 p.m.

OUR LONDON OFFICE.

THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD,
"THE SYDNEY MAIL,"
40 KING-STREET, CHEAPSIDE,
LONDON E.C.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

MONDAY, MAY 2, 1904.

SECOND STAGE OF THE WAR.

The Russian defeat on the Yalu marks

the opening of the second stage of the war. The naval operations have resulted in the destruction of Russian naval power in Far Eastern waters, in spite of the activity of the Vladivostok squadron.

We have Admiral Skryl's administration of the British Government for the extension and improvement of its Eastern and Australian service for a minimum period of three years, with a proviso that it may retire from the Australian line on relinquishing a portion of its subsidy if the Commonwealth legislators do not object.

But the important argument against the inclusion of Civil servants is the double one that it is abhorrent to the majority of electors and unconstitutional in itself. Only a general election could justify the House in carrying so radical a proposal, and the general election of a few weeks ago was decided on a different appeal altogether. Before Mr. Watson and his colleagues claim the right even to introduce their bill, much less to follow it up by such legislation as is foreshadowed in the Baltic platform or the Labour election manifesto, they ought to prove their claim to a majority and their right as a present minority to hold office at all.

A smoke concert in connection with the Chemists' Association was held at the Royal Hotel last week, and was largely attended. Among those present were Dr. T. St. John, as well as Mr. W. G. Reid, president of the Pharmaceutical Council.

The evening of the 27th, Mr. J. Reid, president of the association, songs and recitations were rendered by Mr. J. D. Bratt, Mr. J. R. Jackson, Mr. J. R. Hickling, Jersey, and others.

Mr. Reid's speech was as follows:

"We are the Government."

In the course of the above conference

between representatives of the employers and the operatives in the iron trade, the chairman remarked that, if the men wanted the work of constructing locomotives kept in New South Wales, they must assist the employers; and, in order to show how valuable this assistance might be, he added that the men were a factor in the Government. We are the Government" was the hasty reply.

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THE WAR.

HEAVY FIGHTING.
AT THE YALU.

DISASTROUS DEFEAT OF THE RUSSIANS.

JAPANESE ADVANCING IN MANCHURIA.

SINKING OF THE KINSHU MARU.

HEROISM OF THE JAPANESE.

LONDON, May 1. — Reuter's correspondent at Harbin says that 16,000 Japanese crossed the Yalu on Sunday and attacked 30,000 Russians, who were strongly entrenched.

Japanese sharpshooters killed many Russian officers, who were conspicuous by their uniforms.

The Japanese were reinforced, and the battle was continued.

JAPANESE VICTORY.

LONDON, May 1. — The Washington State Department has been informed that the fighting on Tuesday, April 26, resulted in a complete Japanese victory.

The weather facilitated the movements of the artillery, and the Japanese crossed the Yalu, capturing Chiu-ien-cheng, to the north of Wuju, on the Manchurian side of the river.

STUBBORN FIGHTING.

RUSSIANS BADLY DEFEATED.

LONDON, April 26. — Reuter's correspondent at Shanghai states that the Russians after two days' fighting on the Yalu have been disastrously defeated, and have retreated.

ADVANCE OF THE JAPANESE.

LONDON, April 22. — Indian information, from sources which are found to be often correct, asserts that 60,000 Japanese have crossed the Yalu.

RUSSIAN REPORTS.

LONDON, May 1. — Russian official reports are to the effect that Japanese steamers are arriving at the mouth of the Yalu, and that small bodies of troops have been crossing daily since April 23 at various points, mostly by ponies, south of Wuju.

Fifteen hundred Japanese occupied two islands in the river, driving the Russian light cavalry, which lost Lieutenant Romanoff, and had 18 killed and wounded, to the north bank.

The Russians claim that from this point their severe fire must have inflicted considerable losses on the Japanese, who were in close formation.

Russian accounts further state that on April 26 the Japanese, with a battery of artillery, approached Chien-cheng, and that the Russian artillery caused their retirement in disorder.

The Japanese continued to cross the river on April 28.

ILL-FATED KINSHU MARU.

LONDON, April 29. — Report from Tokio state that the Russian armoured cruiser *Rossia*, 12,130 tons, torpedoed the Kinshu Maru, 73 men being drowned.

Russian despatches claim that the Japanese lost 130 men.

HEROISM OF THE JAPANESE.

LONDON, April 30. — The Kinshu Maru, prior to being sunk by the Russians, was being escorted by torpedo-boat destroyers, but she had parted from them in fog.

A St. Petersburg telegram states that the crew tried to escape in boats. Six infantry officers were locked in a cabin and surrendered, but the soldiers concealed in another part of the Kinshu Maru fought till the vessel was sunk.

The prisoners were landed and transferred to Nikolok.

The Japanese confirm the report that the soldiers preferred death to surrender, and they have appealed to the Russians until they were captured. One Japanese commanding officer committed harakiri (suicide) by disembowelling, and some soldiers, at the moment of the foundering of the ship, committed suicide with their rifles.

Three boats saved themselves from the wreckage saving 45 soldiers and the crew.

THE CHEMULPHO HEROES.

PETED AT ST. PETERSBURG.

LONDON, April 30. — The Chemulpho heroes (those who survived the destruction of the cruiser *Varyag* and the gun vessel *Coretz*, on Chemulpho), have been frantically feted at St. Petersburg.

The Czar decorated all of them and entertained them at the Winter Palace at luncheon.

HELP FOR RUSSIA.

LONDON, April 30. — The Emir of Bokhara has given 1,000,000 rubles (£105,750 £s) towards increasing the Russian fleet.

(Bokhara is a Russian vassal State in Central Asia. The Emir Sayid Abdul Adil was educated in Russia.)

RUSSIA AND MEDIATION.

LONDON, April 29. — Count Lamadoff, the Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, in a circular to Russian Ambassadors and Ministers abroad, declares that after the treacherous surprise of the Japanese no friendly mediation could have any chance of success. Russia will not admit any intervention until the termination of hostilities.

COMMENTS ON THE SITUATION.

The first army of Japan would appear to have achieved conspicuous and, it may transpire, complete success at the Yalu. A report from Washington states that the East Asian states that the Japanese have been completely victorious.

It is well to bear in mind that the reports received in London, unless expressly mentioned, come from Japanese sources.

So far, however, they have exhibited a fair appearance in their statements of facts, although the accounts have been somewhat coloured. They are open to the Russians to regard the attempted crossing of the river as a vital part of the campaign. It would hardly seem, however,

THE SEAT OF WAR.



The above map indicates the scene of the heavy fighting at the Yalu River. The accounts vary, but even those of Russian origin concede that the Japanese have crossed at various points. Wuju, which is conspicuously marked on the map, represents the centre of the advance operations on the Lower Yalu. The Russians have a strong position at Feng-huang-cheng (Phoenix City) upon which to fall back. This is the last town before the river opens out and is taken.

This is the point with which will allow a Russian retreat to their fortifications along the Manchurian railway. The largest of the islands where the Yalu pours itself into the Korean Gulf is marked on the map. These islands were seized by the Japanese, and their fire from them covered the landing on the northern bank of the river.

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THE SEAT OF WAR.

SPECIAL CABLES.

(FROM THE "HERALD'S" LONDON CORRESPONDENTS)

GERMANS IN AFRICA.

A COLONY IN RUINS.

LONDON, April 30.

Redepelism is so rampant in German South-west Africa that the Customs Department at Swakopmund charged the military officers a landing duty on firearms, and the men duty on their rations and winter great coats.

A Boer named Bauer, who is on a visit to the colony on business, declared that the rising of the Hereros is general, and that Europeans have been murdered wholesale.

He describes Damaraland as a heap of ruins.

Sixty thousand cattle and 15,000 horses have been stolen.

The natives are well armed, Mr. Bauer states, but the rising is likely to be quelled in July.

FEVER-STRICKEN SOLDIERS.

LONDON, April 29.

Eighty-seven men of Major Glensnapp's column operating against the Hereros in German South-west Africa are down with typhoid fever at Otjehuabu.

BRITISH POLITICS.

M.R. WINSTON CHURCHILL.

TO FIGHT FOR THE LIBERALS.

LONDON, April 30.

Mr. Winston Churchill, M.P. for Oldham, has accepted the invitation of the Liberals to contest North-west Manchester as a freethinker at the general election.

He is in favour of the entire public control of all State-aided schools. He declines to support the granting of a separate Parliament to Ireland, or the disestablishment of the Church.

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THE UNITED STATES.

MILITARY AND NAVAL EXPENDITURE.

COMPLAINT BY A DEMOCRATIC LEADER.

LONDON, April 29.

Senator A. P. Gorman, the Democratic leader, speaking at the Colonial Institute dinner last night, said he hoped that the High Court would make a test case for the High Court whether Sir Alfred D. Stirling, the State Governor of Northern Territory, had exceeded his powers in refusing to accept the resignation of the State Minister for External Affairs (Mr. W. M. Hughes), who is at present in Sydney, stated last night that he had officially advised the High Court that he had done nothing illegal in removing the man.

He was told that the High Court would be bound to accept the advice of the State Minister.

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THE UNITED STATES.

LONDON, April 29.

An article by Sir G. Sydenham Clarke, formerly Governor of Victoria, is published in the "Nineteenth Century." It suggests the establishment of an Imperial Maritime Council on the lines of a speech delivered by the writer in Melbourne on November 9, 1903.

Sir G. S. Clarke proposes that Australia, Canada, India, and South Africa should have two representatives each out of 15, and the United Kingdom four.

It is proposed by Sir G. S. Clarke that the council should expand 14,000,000 annually in strengthening the maritime communications of the Empire.

Speaking at a dinner given by the Lord Mayor of Melbourne on the evening of November 9 last Sir G. Sydenham Clarke suggested that there should be established a fund which might be applied to the promotion of the shipping industry.

The shipping company which brought the men out knew that we only recognized certificates on the condition that they were issued in Hong Kong before they were shipped, and only thing he says is that the men should be given their exemption certificates as soon as possible.

He added last week that he had been offered a contract to labour under contract to bring out men who were not aliens, that he would be debased administratively.

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MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Business on the Stock Exchange to-day was steady. Mercantile Mutual Insurance Co., Ltd., were sold at 150 per cent. an increase of 10 per cent. Newcastle Steam engine at 10 per cent. During the week business has been decided dull, the sales being few in number.

The market has been a strong one. Bank of New South Wales and Commercial Bank of New South Australia Stock Bank A 1/2 per cent. and B 1/4 per cent. North Coast Steam Co. Ltd. 6 per cent. Port Jackson 6 per cent. Australian Gaslight Co. Ltd. 6 per cent. Permanent Trust Co. Ltd. 6 per cent.

Saturday Evening.

Business on the Stock Exchange to-day was steady. Mercantile Mutual Insurance Co., Ltd., were sold at 150 per cent. an increase of 10 per cent. Newcastle Steam engine at 10 per cent. During the week business has been decided dull, the sales being few in number.

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Closing quotations were as follow:-

On demand ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

30 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

90 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

120 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

150 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

180 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

210 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

240 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

300 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

360 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

420 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

480 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

540 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

600 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

660 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

720 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

780 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

840 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

900 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

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1740 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

1800 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

1860 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

1920 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

1980 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

2040 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

2100 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

2160 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

2220 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

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5100 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

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5700 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

5760 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

5820 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

5880 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

5940 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6000 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6060 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6120 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6180 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6240 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6300 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6360 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6420 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6480 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

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6600 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6660 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6720 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6780 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6840 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6900 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

6960 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

7020 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

7080 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

7140 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

7200 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

7260 days' sight ... 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/-

